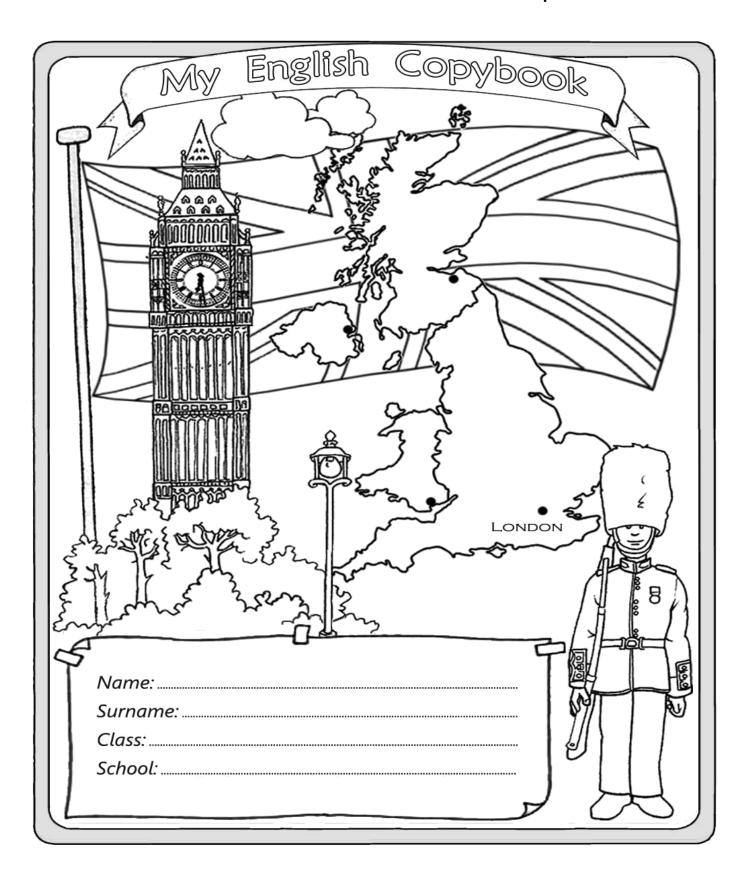
CUADERNILLO DE ACTIVIDADES DE RECUPERACIÓN para 3º ESO



Instrucciones: El alumno/a debe realizar el presente cuadernillo en formato papel, usando bolígrafo azul o negro y la letra clara. Debe cuidar el orden y la limpieza. El cuadernillo hay que entregarlo el día del examen de recuperación en septiembre, introducido en una funda plástica. No debe presentar roturas, tachones, manchas, etc. Debe estar completo en su totalidad.



IES GRANADILLA. DEPARTAMENTO DE INGLÉS. CURSO 2016-2017

PLAN DE RECUPERACIÓN PRUEBA EXTRAORDINARIA DE SEPTIEMBRE 3° ESO

GRAMMAR

- Verbs to be / have got
- ◆ Present Simple / Present Continuous
- ◆ Past Simple / Past Continuous
- Comparative and superlative adjectives
- ♦ Too/enough
- Future tenses (present continuous with future meaning, to be GOING TO, WILL)

VOCABULARY



- -Places, transport
- -Family, clothes
- -Nutrition
- -Emotions
- -Geographical features
- -Sport

- -The house, the weather
- -Animals
- -Jobs
- -Travel items
- -Art
 - -Space

WRITING (EXPRESIÓN ESCRITA)

Redactar un texto similar a los trabajados durante el curso, utilizando los distintos tiempos verbales, los conectores y las estructuras adecuadas al tema elegido

- -A restaurant review (p.19)
- -A description of a picture (p. 29)
- -A report about a sport (p. 39)
- -An email about a trip (p. 51)
- -A book review (p. 83)

ACLARACIONES SOBRE LA PRUEBA:

La prueba se dividirá en los siguientes apartados: READING (leer), USE OF ENGLISH (gramática, vocabulario) y WRITING (redactar). Dichos apartados tendrán todos el mismo valor. En el examen tendrán que completar con vocabulario y tiempos verbales, hacer una lectura compresiva de un texto y contestar a preguntas.

Para poder superar la materia los alumnos deben traer realizadas las actividades marcadas para el verano La prueba durará 55 minutos. Consultar fecha en tablón.

En Granadilla de Abona, a 24 de junio de 2017

UNIT 1
1 Circle the food that doesn't belong. Then write the word next to the correct explanation below
1. chilli • lemonade • drinking chocolate • milkshake
2. cauliflower • broccoli • spinach • prawn
3. cherries • mashed potatoes • raspberries • nuts
4. bacon • steak • lentil • salmon
a. It isn't from an animal.
b. It isn't a drink
c. It isn't a vegetable
d. It isn't a fruit.
2 Circle the words in the wordsnake. Then use them to complete the sentences
$\verb crispstoastb is \verb cuitmues itunajambutteravocadoomelette $
1 is a breakfast food with fruit and
nuts.
2. People make from potatoes.
3. You need eggs to make an
4. People use bread to make
5. An grows on a tree.
6 is a type of fish.
7. Ais a type of small cake.
8. You make from fruit and sugar.
9. You make from milk.
3 Look around the room and complete the sentences. You can use the words below or your ow ideas.
apple • pencil • sofa • bags • money • orange • computer • biscuit • books • water
1. There isn't an on a desk.
2. There is a near me.
3. There are some on a chair.
4. There isn't a in the room.

5. There is some on a desk.

4 What is wrong with the beach in the picture? Complete the sentences with the words below and a, an, the, some or any.

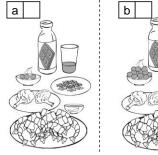
food • wheels • boat • fish • egg • ocean

- 1. The beach isn't next to
- 2. There's a shark in
- 3. There are on a tree.
- 4. The jeep hasn't got
- 5. There's in the woman's hat.
- 6. The bird has got on its head.



5 Complete the sentences with much or many. Tick (\checkmark) the meal they describe below.

- 1. There are prawns.
- 2. There isn't chilli sauce.
- 3. There aren'tvegetables.
- 4. There isn't ice.
- 5. There are cherries.
- 6. There isn't drinking chocolate.





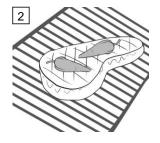


Answer: Meal

6 Circle the adjective that doesn't describe the food.



baked • sour • fresh



grilled • spicy • fried



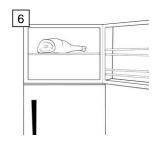
oily • fried • spicy



sweet • grilled • baked



salty • spicy • frozen

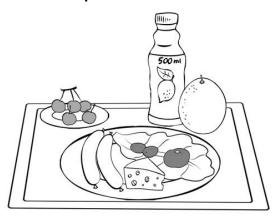


delicious • raw • frozen

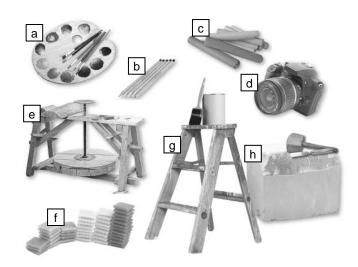
7 Complete the sentences with adjectives from Exercise 1. Use a different adjective in each sentence.

- 1. Ice cream is a food.
- 2. I'm always thirsty after food.
- 3. Chocolate and biscuits are usually
- 4. I don't like fried food. It's
- 5. I always cook cauliflower. I don't like it

8 Look at the picture and choose the correct quantifiers.



	1. There isn't many / much / any	drinking chocolate.
	2. There isn't much / many / any	salad.
	3. There aren't many / much / a	iny nuts.
	4. There aren't some / many / a	ny olives.
	5. There aren't a lot of / much /	any sausages.
	6. There isn't a / an / a lot of egg	9.
9	9 Complete the questions with How r Exercise 3 again and choose the correct answ	nuch, How many, the or any. Then look at the picture in vers.
	Where is o a. next to the cherries b. ne	range?
	2 cherries ar	e there?
	a. four b. five	e
	3 lemonade a. one litre b. $\frac{1}{2}$	
	4. Are there	s, there are.
	a. Yes, there is. b. No	o, there isn't.
1(10 Write questions with How much or H	low many. Then answer the questions about you.
	1 notebooks	s have you got in your schoolbag?
	2 homework	have you got today?
	3 TV do you	watch every day?
	4 biscuits do	you eat every day?
U	UNIT 2.	
1	1 What do you create with the items below.	below? Match a type of art to each item in the pictures
	1. sketch5	. painting
	2. photograph6	. mosaic
	3. drawing7	. pottery
	4. sculpture8	. mural



2	Complete the types of art and the jobs with the letters a , e , i , o and v . Then use the words to
	complete the sentences.

1. p tt r	7. ph t gr phs				
2. c rt n st	8. gr ffit rt st				
3. sc lpt r	9. p tt ry				
4. p nt r	10. ph t gr ph r				
5. sc lpt r	11. p nt ng				
6. c rt n	12. gr ff t				
David stands in the Accordance famous , Mich	ndemia Gallery in Florence. It is a by the nelangelo.				
2. Banksy is a famous walls of public buildings.	2. Banksy is a famous				
3. Francesco Carrozzini is an Italian					
4. Leonardo da Vinci was c	ın Italian He painted the famous				
the Mona Lisa.					
5. Maria Martinez was a Na dishes and jars. Most of her	tive American				
6. Walt Disney was a famou chard	us He and his team created the famous acter Mickey Mouse.				

3 Complete the sentences. Use the affirmative form of the Present Simple or Present Continuous and the verbs below.

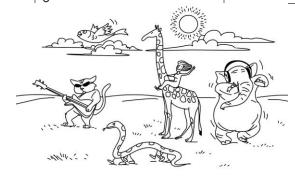
build • visit • use • stand • go

- 1. At the moment, I in front of the Tate Art Gallery in London.
- 2. Every year, thousands of people the Cairo Museum of Antiquities.

- 3. The sculptor sometimes old household items for his work.
- 4. The photographer Marat Dupri often to dangerous places to take photographs.
- 5. At the moment, the city of Washington two new galleries in the National Gallery of Art.

4 Why is the drawing not realistic? Complete the information in the chart. Use the Present Continuous and Present Simple.

In the drawing,		The drawing isn't realistic
1	a fish is flying	fish don't fly
2		
3		
4		
5		



- 5 Look at the drawing in Exercise 4 again. Complete the sentences with the affirmative or negative form of the Present Simple or Present Continuous.
 - 1. In the drawing, the sun (shine).
 - 2. In the drawing, the animals (talk).
 - 3. In the drawing, the cat (sing).
 - 4. I (like) the drawing.
 - 5 1 (think) the drawing is imaginative.

6 Choose the correct adjective.

- 1. Picasso was very **gloomy / imaginative / invisible**. He started a new type of art called Cubism.
- 2. The drawings of Paul Cadden are **disappointing** / **ordinary** / **extraordinary**! The people in them look real.
 - 3. I don't like **modern / cheerful / surprising** art. I prefer paintings from the 1800s.
- 4. I got some beautiful pottery for my birthday. It was a very **ordinary / special / dull** day.
 - 5. This isn't **an imaginative / a surprising / a realistic** drawing. The cat is flying.
 - 6. I can hear him but I can't see him. He's dull / invisible / bright.
 - 7. She usually wears **light / dark / disappointing** colours like white or pink.

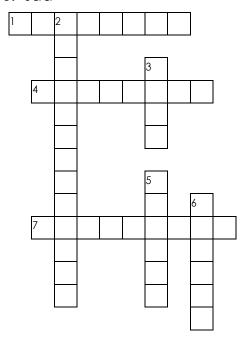
7 Lo	ook at	the	clues	and	com	plete	the	puzzle.
------	--------	-----	-------	-----	-----	-------	-----	---------

Across →

- 1. happy
- 4. not special
- 7. something you can't see

Down ↓

- 2. very unusual
- 3. not light
- 5. very light and colourful
- 6. sad



8 Complete the questions with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

Then match the questions to the answers below.

1.	How people usually (make) a mosaic?
	What (see) on Mount more?
3.	Which Canadian city (plan) to build a new art gallery now?
5.	What a painter often (use)?
•••	a. Vancouver
•••	b. They create a picture with pieces of glass, pottery or ceramics.
	c. Paintbrushes and paints.

	d. No, he isn't.				
	e. Sculptures of four American presidents.				
	f. No, they aren't.				
9	Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the Present Simple or Present Continuous.				
	1				
<u> </u>	NIT 3				
	What sports equipment do you wear on each part of the body below? Write the correct equipment.				
	helmet • kneepads • swimming cap • ice skates • elbow pads • rollerblades				
	1. head:				
	2. feet:				
	3. arms and legs:,				
2	What is missing from each picture? Choose the correct answer.				
	a. golf club b. skateboard c.				

a. skis b. bat c.

3	·	a. mouth guard
		b. tennis rackets
		c. net
4		a. water bottle
		b. swimming cap
		c. helmet
5		a. skateboard
	- Allenge	b. snowboard
	an ille	C.
C	omplete the sentences	with words from Exercise 2.
1.	In volleyball, you hit	he ball over a
2.	Swimmers wear	to protect their eyes.
3.	Baseball players hit of	ı ball with a
4.	You can ride down	snowy mountain on a
5.	People can jump or	a
	omplete the sentences nen tick (🗸) the sentenc	with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets. es you agree with.
	1. Swimming with c	olphins is (safe) swimming with sharks.
	2. Walking is	(slow) running.
	3. Trainers are	(good) sandals for doing sport.
	4. Football is	(interesting) golf.
SU	se the adjectives below operlative form. here is more than one p	to compare bungee jumping, hiking and swimming. Use the ossible answer.
he	ealthy • safe • cheap	dangerous • exciting • boring
1.	Bungee jumping is	ctivity.
2.	Hiking is	activity of the three. It is also activity.
3.	Swimming isactivity.	activity of the three. It is also
C	omplete the sentences	with the verbs in brackets. Use the comparative or superlative form.
1.	Football is	(popular) sport in the world.
2.	The Ironman triathlo	is
3.	The marathon is	(long) running race in the Olympic

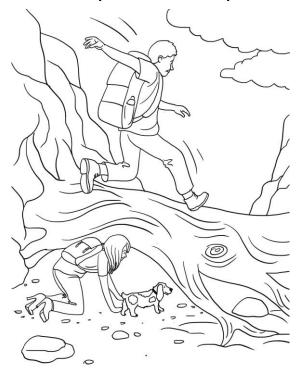
4. A football field is (large) a basketball court.

Games.

1.	. Ordinary sport / dangerous /	extreme sport
2.	Nick and his father are both Nick / tall / his father	1.90 metres tall.
3.	. A golf ball / big / a football	
4	. The Japanese and Mongolia The Mongolian / heavy / the	n sumo wrestlers both weigh 160 kg. Japanese
	Circle the actions you can see in t	•
S	lide • pull • push • swing • crawl	• skate • ski • skip • leap • jog • hike • hop • hang
٦,	<u>^</u>	$\sigma_{\rm res}$
9 (Complete the sentences with the v	words you didn't use in Exercise 1.
1.	People can o	n one leg.
2.	You usually a	door to close it.
3.	People can o	n ice.
4.	. It is fun to dow	vn a mountain.
	Natch the sentences in A and B. Tludjective in brackets.	hen complete them with too or (not) enough. Use the
	Α	В
1.	. In winter, we don't swim in th	e oceana. They are (good) to play in the team.
2.	My sister is one year old.	b. I am (tired) to play football now.
3.	. Ron is very athletic.	c. The water is (cold)
4.	. I didn't sleep well last night.	d. She is (old) to ride a bike.

7 Write sentences with the words below. Use as ... as or not as ... as and the verb to be.

11 Look at the picture. Then complete the sentences with the adjectives in brackets.



1.	They can't walk	over the tree.	. It is (bia).
	THO Y CALL I TYALL		. 11 10 (~ 197

- 2. The boy isn't (small) to crawl under the tree.
- 3. He is (tall) to leap over the tree.
- 4. The girl is (short) to leap over the tree.
- 5. She is (thin) to crawl under the tree.
- 12 Write sentences about the drawing in Exercise 4 with the words below. Use the correct form of the adjectives and the verb to be.

1.	the boy /	athletic /	/ the	airl
١.	IIIC DOY /	annone,		ŊΠ

••••••

2. the dog / small / to walk under the tree

.....

3. the boy / big / of the three

.....

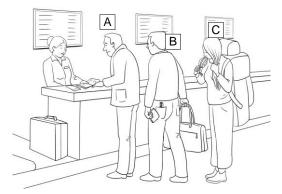
4. the boy's shoes / good / the girl's shoes / for hiking

.....

5. the girl's bag / heavy / the boy's bag

UNIT 4

1 Which travellers have got each item? Tick (/) the chart.



		Travell	Travell	Travell
1.	a wallet			
2.	hand			
3.	a suitcase			
4.	a hairbrush			
5.	a passport			
6.	а			
7.	a boarding			
8.	a comb			

2 Match A to B to form sentences. Then circle the answers in the answer box to find the name of a capital city.

A B

1. People find information in	a.	a toothbr	usł	a	b	С	d	е	f
2. You wash your body with	b.	a travel g	1	Р	L	Α	N	-	С
,	υ.			٦٢.	S	U	В	0	Е
3. You can sleep in	C.	shampod	9.3	R	М	K	Ν	W	Υ
4. People wash their hair with	d.	a tent.	4	F	-	D	٧	Τ	S
5. You can see in the dark with	e.	soap.	5	Α	М	Р	U	Z	0
6. People clean their teeth with	f.	a torch.	6	N	F	Е	В	L	R

The capital city is

3 Circle the word that doesn't belong.

- 1. toothpaste sleeping bag toothbrush
- 2. soap shampoo sun cream
- 3. backpack suitcase towel
- 4. passport phone charger boarding pass

4	CC	Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the Past Simple affirmative. Then choose the correct answer. You can check your answers below.					
	SCI	ıil • fly • build • help					
	1.	Orville Wright / Alexander Bell the first aeroplane.					
	2.	Margaret Thatcher / Mother Teresa many poor people in India.					
	3.	The Romans / Egyptians the first roads in England.					
	4.	Christopher Columbus / Hernán Cortés to a new continent in 1492.					
5		omplete the sentences with one affirmative and one negative form of the verbs in brackets. se the Past Simple.					
	1.	People					
	2.	Fifty years ago, people					
		They (read) travel guides.					
	3.	The ship <i>Titanic</i> (leave) England on 10th April, 1912, but it (arrive) in New York.					
6	W	rite questions with the words below. Then write answers about yourself.					
	1.	where / you / go / last summer					
	2.	you / go / with your family					
	3	you / trayol / by train					
	٥.	you / travel / by train					
	4.	what / you / do / there					
7		ead the sentences and follow the correct answers below. Which geographical feature do they to?					
	1.	You can stand in water.					
	2.	Ais under the ground.					
	3.	An apple fell on the					
	4.	It's difficult to walk on ground.					
	5.	You can often find crocodiles in a					

6. It's difficult to climb a mountain. shallow deep cave flat ground rocky glacier waterfall swamp path field steep sandy deep The answers go to a cave / glacier / waterfall. 8 Circle the words in the puzzle. Then use them to complete the e-mail. pathfieldflatdeepsandywaterfall Hi Jill, We had an amazing weekend. First, we sat on the 1..... beach and watched the ships in the sea. Then, we walked through a green 2. full of colourful flowers. After that, we walked on a 3. through a forest. Soon, we came to a river with a beautiful 4. We couldn't walk across the river because it was too 5., so we returned to the field. We found some 6. dry ground in the field. It was a perfect place to put our tent. 9 What is wrong with the pictures? Complete the sentences with the affirmative and negative form of There was or There were. Stone Age – 700,000 years ago Ancient Egypt – 1500 BCThere was fire 700,000 years ago, any bicycles in Ancient Egypt,

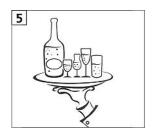
but horses.

The Vikings – 1000 AD

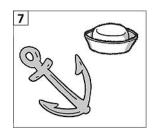
but any torches.

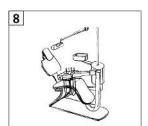
Ancient Rome – 100 BC

wine in Ancient Rome,	ships in 1000 AD,
but cola.	but any aeroplanes.
10 Complete the questions with Was there or W	ere there. Then answer them according to the
picture.	
1 any fields? .	
2 any water?	
3 a sandy bed	ach?
4 any trees? .	
5 a waterfall?	
11 Complete the blog with the verbs below in there were.	ne Past Simple or the correct form of there was or
swim • return • eat • not stay • travel	
the lake. We ^{3.} in the water for a	lake in our car. First, we ^{2.} in long time because it was too cold. After that
	area, but ^{5.} a place to buy
sandwiches and ice cream. We ^{6.} o o'clock we	ur sandwiches next to the lake. Finally, at 5
^{7.} home.	
UNIT 5	
1 Write the correct jobs below the pictures.	
sailor • waiter • dentist • judge • magician soldier	• businessperson • police officer •









.....

- 2 Who's talking? Choose the correct answer.
 - 1. I write detective stories.

archeologist / author / plumber

2. I can't tell you what I do. It's a secret.

spy / secretary / sailor

3. I talk about the news.

soldier / dentist / reporter

4. I make films.

director / banker / detective

5. I grow tomatoes and cucumbers.

electrician / lawyer / farmer

3 What was happening in the film when the earthquake started? Complete the sentences with the verbs below.

Use the Past Continuous affirmative.

wait • look • ride • fix • play

- 1. An electrician a street lamp.
- 2. A street musician the clarinet.
- 3. People for the bus.
- 4. A man a scooter.
- 5. Tourists at a sculpture.
- 4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Continuous, affirmative or negative.
 - 1. I (sleep) at 10.00 last night. I went to bed at midnight.
 - 2. You (drive) home at 5.00 pm. You were in the bank.
 - 3. It (rain) all night. The ground is wet this morning.
 - 4. The plumber (work) in the kitchen an hour ago. He was in the bathroom.
 - 5. We (watch) a film at 9.00. It was great!
- 5 Write questions with the words below. Use the Past Continuous. Then match the questions to the answers below.

Α

2. the author / write / in her notebook 3. what / the police officers / do 4. how many people / watch / the TV programme 5. you / try / to find / secret information B a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 1 2 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 The waiter reporter waiter sailor director is groud. delighted. exhausted.		. what / the spy / wear					
3. what / the police officers / do 4. how many people / watch / the TV programme 5. you / try / to find / secret information B a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2							
3. what / the police officers / do 4. how many people / watch / the TV programme 5. you / try / to find / secret information B a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2 3 3 4 4 4 6 Figure 1 Figure 1 Figure 2 Figure 2 Figure 3 Figure 3 Figure 3 Figure 3 Figure 4 Figure 3 Figure 3 Figure 4 Figure 4 Figure 4 Figure 4 Figure 4 Figure 5 Figure 4 Fi	2	2. the author / write / in her notebook					
4. how many people / watch / the TV programme 5. you / try / to find / secret information B a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2 2 3 3 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
4. how many people / watch / the TV programme	,	J. WIIC					
B a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 The reporter waiter sailor is proud. delighted.		4. hov					
B a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2				•••••			
a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2	,	5. you	ı / try / to find	d / secre	et information		
a. No, she wasn't b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2			•••••	•••••			
b. a black coat c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2 4 4 5 5 6 8 scared. embarrassed. furious. proud. delighted.							
c. about 7 million d. No, I wasn't e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2 4 6 5 5 6 8 judge soldier reporter waiter sailor is proud. delighted.	• •						
d. No, I wasn't. e. They were watching a house. 6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 2	• •						
6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 1	• •						
6 Write sentences about the pictures. Use the chart below. 3 4 5 judge soldier reporter waiter waiter sailor is proud. delighted.	• •	C					
judge scared. embarrassed. furious. proud. delighted.	• •	е	e. They wer	re watc	hing a house.		
judge scared. embarrassed. furious. proud. delighted.	6	Write s	entences abo		ictures. Use the c	hart below.	
judge scared. embarrassed. furious. proud. delighted.		1		2			
The soldier reporter waiter sailor embarrassed. furious. proud. delighted.							
The soldier reporter waiter sailor embarrassed. furious. proud. delighted.							
The reporter waiter sailor is furious. proud. delighted.			judge		scared.		
waiter proud. sailor delighted.			soldier		embarrassed.		
waiter proud. sailor delighted.		The	reporter	is	furious.		
		1110	waiter		proud.		
director exhausted.			sailor		delighted.		
			director		exhausted.		
1		 		1		ı	

2.

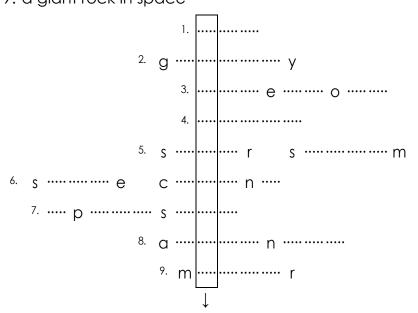
	3.	
	4.	
	5.	
	6.	
7	Ur	nscramble the letters in brackets to write the correct emotions.
	1.	Kim lost her mother's ring but she didn't tell her. She feels
		The actor wanted the job, but his friend got it. He feels (salujoe)
		Pat found a fly in her soup. She is (gssediudt)
	4.	Ben's dog died yesterday. He feels (ptues)
		Sue invited 30 people, but only 12 arrived. Sue is
	6.	They are lying on the beach. They are (xrdleae)
	7.	Harry is sure he'll get the job. He is (mptiiiscto)
	8.	Mia is late. Here mum is (dreoirw)
	9.	Lewis can't find his hotel. He is (fsucdneo)
8	CI	hoose the correct answer.
	1.	Ian Fleming met / was meeting some interesting spies while he worked / was working for British Intelligence. They gave him the idea for his character James Bond.
	2.	J.K. Rowling travelled / was travelling on a train when she got / was getting the idea for her Harry Potter books.
	3.	While Arthur Conan Doyle was studying / studied medicine, he started / was starting to write short stories. His most famous stories are about Sherlock Holmes.
	4.	In the 1800s, women authors weren't popular. Many women authors were using / used men's names while they tried / were trying to sell their stories.
9	C	omplete the story with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple or Past Continuous.
		The Death of Merlin the Magician
	W	'hile Merlin ¹ (visit) King Arthur, he fell in love with Niviane, a
	be	eautiful woman.
		iviane 2
		(stay) in the castle. She ^{4.} (learn) agic from Merlin.
	Sh	as time for Niviane to leave, Merlin went with her. They ^{6.}
		ravel) when Merlin ^{7.} (have)
		dream. In the dream, King Arthur needed Merlin's help, so Merlin decided to return
		o the castle. On their way ack, Merlin and Niviane ^{8.} (stop) at a stone house for the
		ght. While Merlin
	9.	
		put him in
	a	magic room. He couldn't get out and he stayed there until his death.

10 Write questions with the words below.	Then answer them according to the story in Exercise 4.
Use the Past Simple or Past Continuou	S.

1.who / Merlin / visit / when / he / meet / Niviane
2. Niviane / love / Merlin
3. where / Merlin and Niviane / go / when they / stop / at the stone house

<mark>UNIT 7</mark>

- 1 Complete the puzzle according to the clues. Then find the hidden word to complete the space fact below.
 - 1. a very hot bright star
 - 2. a strong force
 - 3. equipment to see far into space
 - 4. the name of our planet
 - 5. a group of planets around a sun
 - 6. a group of homes in space
 - 7. a vehicle in space
 - 8. a job in space
 - 9. a giant rock in space



	The moon is Earth's natural
2	Complete the sentences with the words below. spacesuit • moon • planetarium • sky • astronomer • star
	1. The is full every 29.5 days.
	2. Astronauts can't survive without a
	3. Thelooks blue during the day and black at night.
	4. You can learn about the galaxy in a
	5. Ais very hot and bright.
	6. The studied the planet Mars carefully.
3	Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use will.
	be • enjoy • meet • not travel
	1. One day, we people from another planet.
	2 Earth a good place to live in the future?
	3. Tourists to Mars in the near future.
	4 they the trip?
1	Look at the pictures and complete the people's plans with the verbs in brackets. Use the affirmative or negative form of be going to.
	Dan Bill Jake
	3 Pam Ann
	1. Dan and Bill (visit) a planetarium.
	2. Jake (look) at the stars.
	3. Ian and Pam (watch) a film about space.

4. Ann (fly) a helicopter.

5	Complete the que according to the pictures in Exer		erbs in bro	ackets. U	Jse be going to. Then answer the questions
	1	Ann	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	(wear) goggles?
	2. Who		. (go) to	the cine	nema?
		•••			(see) animals? (use) a microscope?
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	(ose) a microscope :
6	Where is the space sentences below to find the planet.	eship going? Stai	rt on Earth	n. Follow	the correct answers according to the
		repair	Mercury		y didn't any water on moon.
	Venus E/	plan	examine	2. You r	must your eyes from sun.
		Earth design	Mars	rocks	entists are going tos from the meteor.
	Saturn	i kiscove	15		telescope isn't working. They must
		explore	Protect		metimes about flying in
	Duedick	\	upiter	space	
		*		on Ea	spaceship is going to
	Neptune build	ranus		7. They colon	y are going to a space
	Neptune	hang			spaceship is going to
7	Write a sentence to	o follow each se	ntence be	elow. Use	se the words in the chart.
·	Our teacher	is exploring	a trip to	the	
	An architect	is increasing	the solo	ar	
	The number of people on Earth	is predicting	every d		
	Their spaceship	is planning	the buil	ding.	
	She	is designing	my futu	re.	
	1. Our next scien	ce lesson will b	e fun.		
	2. They're going t	o build a new :	school.	••••••	••••••
			•••••		

	3.	In the future, we will need many more homes.
	4.	We sent astronauts into space.
	5.	Madame Claire is a fortune-teller.
		rite questions with the words below. Use the Present Continuous with future meaning. nen write answers about yourself.
	1.	you and your friend / meet / this evening
	2.	when / you / go / to bed / tonight
	3.	your parents / work / tomorrow
	4.	you / do / this weekend
	5.	your teacher / give / the class / a test / next week
9	C	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
	1.	If you (not eat) fruit and vegetables, you won't be healthy.
,	2.	He (be) tired if he doesn't go to bed early.
,	3.	They (not do) well in the test if they don't study.
	4.	If it (rain) tomorrow, we won't go swimming.
,	5.	If it isn't cloudy tonight, we (look) at the stars.
10	С	Complete the sentences with the words below.
	g	o / on a trip • see / the star • find / water • lose / his camera
	1.	Joe won't have any photos if he
,	2.	If they offer trips to space, I
,	3.	They will survive if they
	4.	If you look carefully, you